

DRAFT

**Cross-cutting indicators key**

- ◆ Gender
- ◆ Population Growth
- ◆ Cohesion and resilience
- ◆ Youth

\*Indicator reported in the PPR

DO 3.1: Health Results Framework (March 17, 2015)

**GOAL: Improved Prosperity, Accountability, and Equality for a Stable, Democratic Jordan**

**DO 3: Social Sector Quality Improved**

- 3.a Total Fertility Rate (F 3.1.7-40 Archived) ◆
- 3.b Percentage of students entering higher education, vocational education and/or the workforce
- 3.c Number of people receiving improved service quality from improved existing improved drinking water sources [F 3.1.8.1-3]
- 3.d Number of people gaining access to an improved sanitation facility [F 3.1.8.2-2]

**IR 3.1 Health Status Improved**

- 3.1.a Maternal Mortality Ratio (F 3.1.6-58 Archived)
- 3.1.b Infant Mortality Rate (F 3.1.6-42 Archived)
- 3.1.c Modern Contraceptive Prevalence Rate (F 3.1.7-38 Archived)

**Sub IR 3.1.1 Increase Use of Quality Health Services**

- 3.1.1.a Anemia Prevalence Rate
- 3.1.1.b Percent of clients who are treated according to best practices
- 3.1.1.c Percent of unmet need for FP

**Sub IR 3.1.2 Improved Health Sector Sustainability & Resilience**

- 3.1.2.a Number of Health Clinics that have adequate staffing according to their needs
- 3.1.2.b Number of CSOs receiving USG assistance engaged in advocacy interventions (disaggregated by type of organization) (This is an F indicator under DG F2.4.1-9)
- 3.1.2.c TBD (Finance indicator for example % decrease in GOJ public spending for curative health care services)

**Sub Sub IR 3.1.1.1 Increased Access to Quality Health Services**

- 3.1.1.1.a Percent of MOH health clinics providing four or more modern contraceptive methods
- 3.1.1.1.b Percent of postpartum/post miscarriage clients receiving modern FP methods before discharge at selected MOH hospitals
- 3.1.1.1.c Number of counseling visits for FP/RH as a result of USG assistance\*
- Birth spacing indicator
- Provider bias? Training?
- Adoption & implementation of best practices (provider level)
- Number of health centers providing high quality services
- Percent of women managed by evidence-based

**Sub Sub IR 3.1.1.2 Improved Health Seeking Behaviors & Practices**

- 3.1.1.2.a Percent of women who report preference for a small family size
- 3.1.1.2.b Number of youth who have participated in trainings/workshops/awareness raising events to increase knowledge or skills in RH/FP/MCH ◆ (Broaden)
- 3.1.1.2.c Number of social & behavior change communication activities targeting men by type ◆
  - Preconception care model (IMCF)
  - Immunization rates
  - Provider performance to standard & counseling
  - IYCF indicator (breast feeding)
  - Prenatal care

**Sub Sub IR 3.1.2.1 Health Systems Strengthened**

- 3.1.2.1.a Increased evidence based decision making at all levels
- 3.1.2.1.b Number of Community Health Committees established & functioning ◆
  - Number of health centers who adopt WISN
  - Well trained cadre for infectious diseases

**Sub Sub IR 3.1.2.2 Improved Enabling Environment**

- 3.1.2.2.a Policy Environment Score
- 3.1.2.2.b Number of policies, regulations, administrative procedures in development stages of analysis, drafting and consultation, legislative review, approval or implementation as a result of USG assistance

**Sub-IR 3.1.3 Impacts of Rapid Population Growth Alleviated and/or Mitigated**

- 3.1.3.a Couple Years of Protection (CYP) in USG supported programs (F 3.1.7.1-1)\*
- 3.1.3.b Number of social and behavior change communication activities targeting men by type
- 3.1.3.c Percent of women who believe that a couple should decide together how many children to have
- 3.1.3.d Number and percent of married women of reproductive age who have discussed use of family planning methods with their spouse in the last 6 months